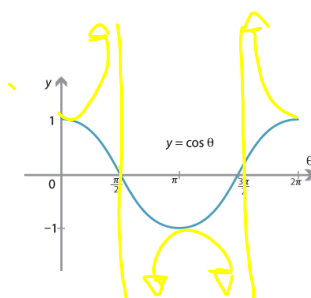
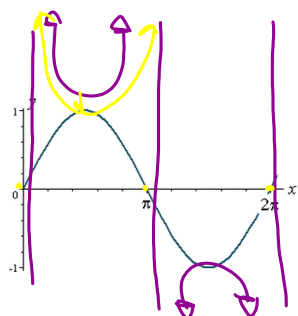
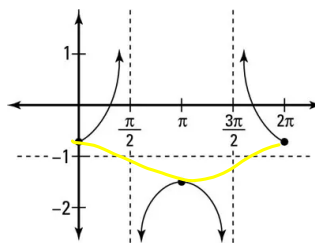
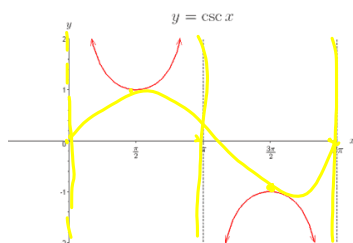


From the graphed sine/cosine functions, draw in the csc/sec graphs.



From the graphed cosecant/secant functions, draw in the sine/cosine function



## LT: Graph tangent and cotangent functions and their transformations

### Part I: Tangent

- ★ 1 Period is  $\pi$  2 Per =  $\frac{2\pi}{b}$  COS X Per =  $2\pi$
- ★ Graph 2 Periods (determines interval)

Let's Graph  $f(x) = \tan x$

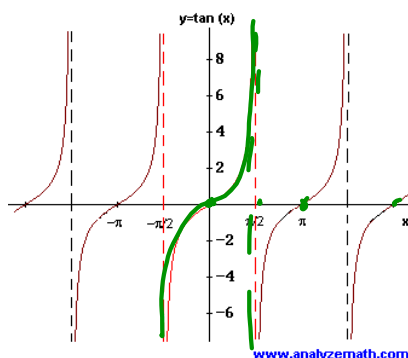
Amp. = 1 0,  $\frac{\pi}{2}$ ,  $\pi$ ,  $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ ,  $2\pi$

V. S. - None

2 Per. =  $\frac{2\pi}{1} = 2\pi$

Int. =  $\frac{\pi}{2}$

DADAD



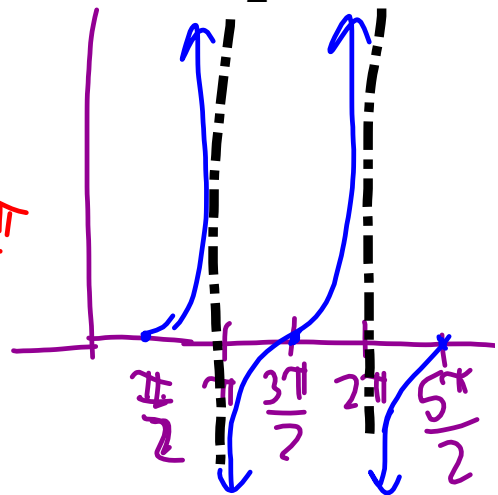
Ex 1) Graph 2 periods of:  $f(x) = \tan(x - \frac{\pi}{2})$  DADAD

Amp. = 1 Int. =  $\frac{\pi}{2}$

2 Per. =  $2\pi$   $\frac{\pi}{2}, \pi, \frac{3\pi}{2}, 2\pi, \frac{5\pi}{2}$

V.S. - None

H.S. -  $x - \frac{\pi}{2} = 0 ; x = \frac{\pi}{2}$



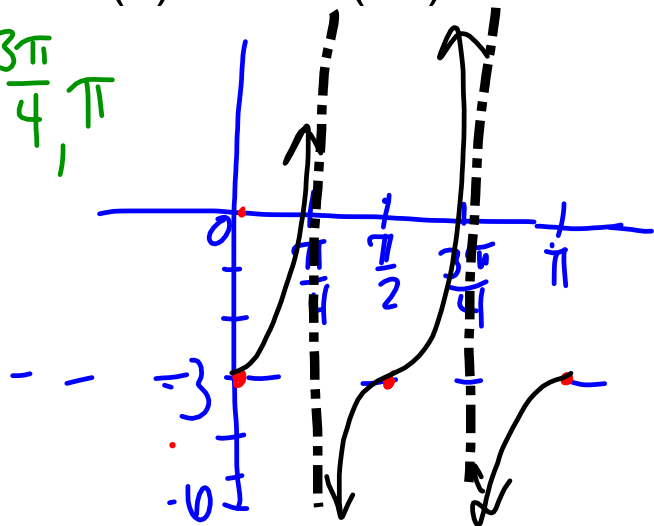
Ex 2) Graph 2 periods of:  $f(x) = 3\tan(2x) - 3$

Amp. = 3  $0, \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{4}, \pi$

Per. =  $\frac{2\pi}{2} = \pi$

Int. =  $\frac{\pi}{4}$

V.S. = -3



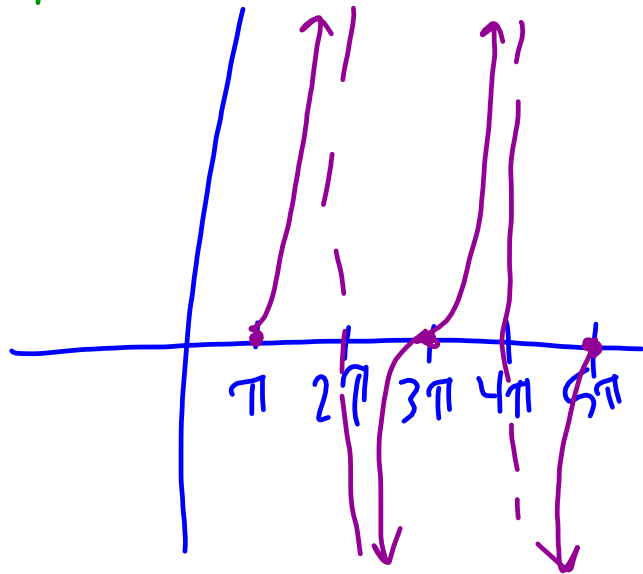
Ex 3) Graph 2 periods of:  $f(x) = \tan(\frac{1}{2}x - \frac{\pi}{2})$

Amp. = 1  $\pi, 2\pi, 3\pi, 4\pi, 5\pi$   
 2 Per. =  $4\pi$

Int. =  $\pi$

V.S. = None

H.S. =  $\frac{1}{2}x - \frac{\pi}{2} = 0$   
 $\frac{1}{2}x = \frac{\pi}{2}$   
 $x = \pi$



Ex 4) Graph 2 periods of:  $f(x) = -5\tan(\frac{\pi}{2}x)$

Amp. = 5

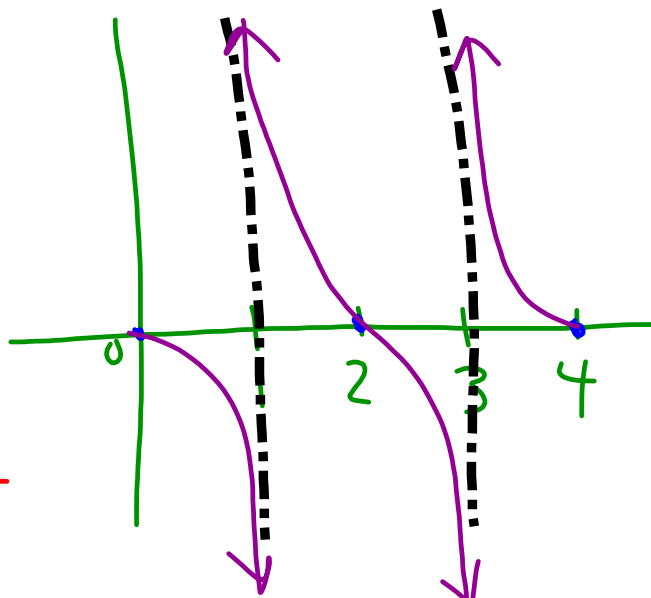
2 Per. =  $\frac{2\pi}{\frac{\pi}{2}} = 4$

Int. = 1

V.S. = None

H.S. = None

0, 1, 2, 3, 4



$\frac{2\pi}{\frac{\pi}{2}} = 4$   
 $\frac{2\pi}{\frac{\pi}{2}} = 4$